

## **Our Research Farm**

Located in Albion, Maine (zone 5b)

- 200+ Acres Managed
- 11 Farm Sites
- 94 Acres Consisting of:
  - Seed Production—8 acres
  - Variety Trials—15 acres
  - Breeding Program—21 acres
  - Cover Crops—50 acres



# **Breeding Program 2024 Stats**

145,331 Plants Grown Our Breeding Program

1,232 Taste Tests

4,855 Hand Pollinations





## **Overview**

- Intro to Johnny's Squash Breeding Program
- History of Our Program
- Insight into our Breeding Process
- Types & Species of Winter & Summer Squash
- Highlights of our JSS-bred squash lineup
- Harvest and storage tips for winter squash



# Johnny's Squash Breeding Program

- Work on diverse types of squash and pumpkins
- Primarily use pedigree selection and develop hybrids (traditional plant breeding methods)
- Low-input/organic conditions
- Breeding team
  - Breeder Lindsay
  - Technicians Sawyer & an open spot
  - Pollination crew



# **A Little History**

#### Winter Squash & Pumpkins

- First plant breeding program at Johnny's – about 50 years old!
- Started by our company founder, Rob Johnston

#### **Summer squash**

 Primarily bred by Janika Eckert

#### 2015 Transition

 Lindsay started at Johnny's and took over breeding all 3 crops













# **Making Pollinations**









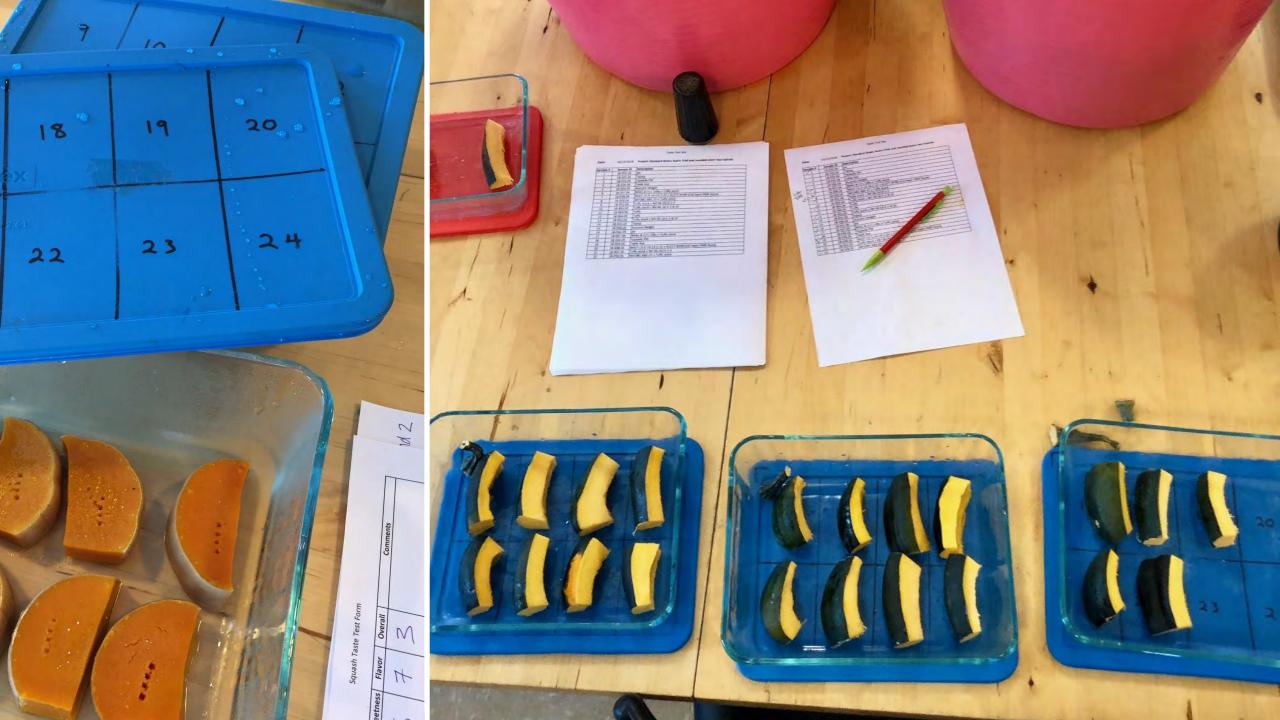












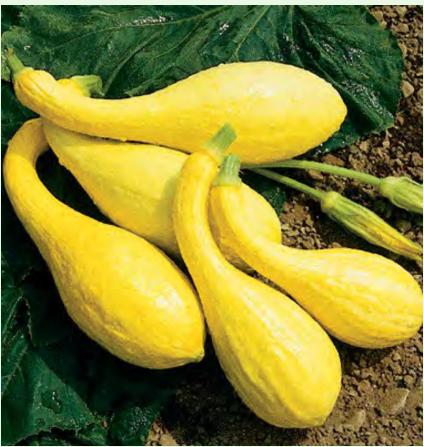
# Squash Types & Species

- Summer squash
- Winter squash
  - o Cucurbita pepo
  - o Cucurbita moschata
  - o Cucurbita maxima
- Pumpkin



# Summer Squash • Cucurbita pepo • Flowers earliest; harvest and eat the immature fruit







# Winter Squash – Cucurbita pepo







# Winter Squash – Cucurbita moschata







# Winter Squash – Cucurbita maxima







# **Pumpkins**

- Mostly Cucurbita pepo, but some Cucurbita maxima
- Pumpkin = shape (not a different species)





### Starry Night PMR

Organic (F1) Acorn Squash. 95 days

- Superior eating quality compared to a typical acorn squash
- Better storage than a typical acorn as well
  - Maintains eating quality later into the winter
- Easy to recognize for its unique, pixelated color pattern
  - Also a ripeness indicator
- Vigorous bush habit
  - Can be planted on more compact spacing compared to a vining type
  - More upright plants keep first flush of fruit off the ground or on mulch
  - Holds up well to Powdery Mildew



### Night Shift

Organic (F1) Acorn Squash. 95 days

- Superior eating quality compared to a typical acorn squash
- Better storage than a typical acorn
  - Maintains eating quality later into the winter
- Vine habit
  - o More plant means more sugars
  - Large plants can help smother weeds
  - Higher yield per plant compared to bush-types
  - o Holds up well to Powdery Mildew



#### Delicata JS

Organic (OP) Delicata Squash. 100 days

- Has gained a lot of popularity over the years for its flavor straight out of the field, edible skin, and general ease of processing in the kitchen
- There are many Delicata strains on the market- this one is ours
   Selected for uniformity, yield, and of course, flavor!



#### Honey Bun

(F1) Acorn Squash. 95 days

- A dramatic improvement in the "Sweet Dumpling" class
- **High yielding and uniform**, with great flavor and sweetness and good storability
- Fruits turn caramelly-bronze at peak ripeness—easy to know when it's time to eat them



#### Sunshine

Organic (F1) Kabocha Squash. 95 days

- A true classic
- Bred by our founder, Rob
   Johnston over 20 years ago, and still one of our most popular squash
- Great color, great appearance, great yields
- Can be eaten right at maturity, without waiting for the squash to fully mature in storage
- Not the best for long-term storage



#### Sweet Jade

Organic (F1) Kabocha Squash. 95 days

- A hidden gem of the JSS squash assortment
- Delicious personal-size kabocha

   Sized perfectly for single
   servings, soup bowls, and
   more, with little to no wasted
   fruit
- Heavy yields and exceptional storage



#### Marmalade

Organic (F1) Kabocha Squash. 100 days

- One of my personal favorites
- High yielding
- Combines bright color and earliness with excellent storage and eating quality



#### Winter Sweet

Organic (F1) Kabocha Squash. 95 days

- Our best tasting winter squash (in my humble opinion)
  - Nice balance of sweetness and flavor
  - o Perfect flaky, creamy texture
- Stores like a rock
- Needs to mature in storage for around 2 months before you can start eating it



#### Winter Blush

Organic (F1) Kabocha Squash. 95 days

- Pink accompaniment to Winter Sweet
- Similar storability and eating quality in a different color
- Fruits are pale pink at harvest, with variable levels of sky blue in a star shape on the blossom end which fades to solid pink in storage.



#### Mambo

Organic (F1Kabocha Squash. 95 days

- One of our newest introductions
- Standard green Kabocha but with a little more versatility
  - Classic blocky buttercup shape but with **no significant** "button" on the blossom end.
  - Can be marketed as a buttercup or a kabocha
- Beyond its appearance, it ticks all the other boxes: high yielding, uniform, and delicious



## Winter Squash: Moschata

### **Block Party**

Organic (F1) Butternut Squash. 100 days

- Our other newest winter squash
- Lovingly referred to as 'Miracle' and 'Saint Butternut' in our breeding nursery—it was just too good to be true.
  - Both its yield and storage results are unbelievably high without compromising on flavor.
- We named it 'Block Party' for its compact blocky shape—a great efficiency when packing CSA boxes.
  - Its thick neck means less waste when preparing or processing and it has a good flesh-to-seed-cavity ratio.



### Winter Squash: Moschata

#### Butterscotch

Organic (F1) Butternut Squash. 100 days

- Our best-tasting butternut
   Sweet and creamy, with
   excellent flavor
- Doesn't need to mature in storage before it can be enjoyed
- Doesn't store as well as larger butternuts like Metro or Block Party, but similar to Honeynut and Butterbaby
- Shorter vines can be planted at tighter spacing, allowing for higher yields per acre



## Winter Squash: Moschata

#### Waldo PMR

Organic (F1) Butternut Squash. 100 days

- Largest of our hybrid butternuts
- Improved Waltham-type—More uniform and attractive without the oversized fruits
  - Produces big yields with very few culls
  - Still has great eating quality
- Vigorous plants and strong PMR ensure crops reach maturity under high disease pressure



## **Summer Squash: Pepo**

#### Tempest

Organic (F1) Yellow Summer Squash. 54 days

- Outstanding culinary quality.
  - Rich, nutty flavor and
     pleasantly firm texture less
     watery than other summer
     squash
  - Retains shape, texture, and color through a multitude of cooking methods
- Open plant habit and soft spines for easy harvest
- Precocious yellow gene causes leaves to express yellow color



## **Summer Squash: Pepo**

#### Goldfinch

Organic (F1) Yellow Summer Squash. 50 days

- Improved plant habit compared to standard yellow summer squash
  - The wide-open plant habit and medium spines make for easier harvests
  - Squash convenientlypositioned along a long central stem
  - Upright growth lends itself well to container growing



## **Summer Squash: Pepo**

#### Zephyr

(F1) Yellow Summer Squash. 54 days

- Distinctive appearance and great flavor
  - Harvest young at 4-6" for unusually delicious, nutty flavor and firm texture
  - Blossoms bear a mild, squash-like flavor and work well in cooked dishes
- Under certain stressful situations, such as hot weather, Zephyr fruits can show some variability in the amount of green at the blossom ends.
- In addition, sometimes the first one or two fruits produced may be greenstriped.



# Winter Squash Eating Quality

- Sugar content
  - o Measured by degrees Brix
- Starch content
  - Measured by percent dry matter
- Finite amount of total carbohydrates when the squash is harvested
- Then the balance changes during curing and storage – like a banana ripens!
- Flavor also matters that's why we taste test



## Winter Squash Harvest Tips



- Let fruit mature they'll look ready before they're actually ready
  - Acorn squash is the worst culprit
  - Maximize the amount of carbohydrates the fruit stores
- Signs they're ready to harvest
  - o 50+ days after the fruit set
  - Rind and stem hardness.
  - o Color change
- Don't wait too long, either
  - Avoid sunburn/sunscald
  - Avoid the fruits being frosted
  - If the plants are dead, go ahead and harvest
- Be gentle—squash can scratch and bruise during harvest

# Winter Squash Storage Tips

#### Curing

After cutting the fruits from the vine, **sun-cure** in the field for 5–7 days, **or cure indoors** for 5–7 days at 80–85°F (27–29°C), in an area with good air ventilation

#### **Storage Conditions**

 Cool and dry – we recommend 55-60°F/12-15°C, 50-70% relative humidity and good ventilation

#### When to Eat Which Types

- Earliest Delicata, acorn, spaghetti, red kabocha, mini butternuts
- Medium Medium butternuts, green kabochas
- Latest Large butternuts, blue/gray kabocha



#### Johnny's Winter Squash Curing & Storage Chart



